Smaller authority name: _____DUDDON PARISH COUNCIL__

NOTICE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS AND PUBLICATION **OF UNAUDITED ANNUAL GOVERNANCE & ACCOUNTABILITY RETURN**

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 Sections 26 and 27 The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (SI 2015/234)

	ounts and Audit Regulations 2015 (
	NOTICE	NOTES	
1. Date of announcement	Monday 2 June 2025	(a) (a) Insert date of placing of the noti which must be not less than 1 day before	ice ore
Return (AGAR) needs to be Smaller Authorities' Audit A published with this notice. As it is subject to change as a re Any person interested has accounting records for the books, deeds, contracts, bills to those records must be	the right to inspect and make copies financial year to which the audit relates s, vouchers, receipts and other documents made available for inspection by any d 31 March 2025, these documents will be a	untability binted by has been d auditor, s of the s and all s relating y person	
(b) Christine Adams – Pa Browfoot Cottage, Gri Tel No: 01229 889319	rish Clerk zbeck , Kirkby-in-Furness LA17 7XH)		and nail or nay
	esday 3 June 2025	(c) Insert date, which must be at lease day after the date of announcement in above and extends for a single period 30 working days (inclusive) ending on t date appointed in (d) below	(a) I of
	aday 14 July 2025	(d) The inspection period between and (d) must also include the first working days of July.	
The opportunity to q records; and	uestion the appointed auditor about the ad	ccounting	
the appointed auditor the court for a declara	objection which concerns a matter in respect could either make a public interest report or tion that an item of account is unlawful. Writt first be given to the auditor and a copy se	r apply to ten notice	
The appointed auditor can this purpose between the	be contacted at the address in paragraph 4 above dates only.	below for	
under the provisions of the	GAR is subject to review by the appointed a Local Audit and Accountability Act 2 ions 2015 and the NAO's Code of Audit is:	2014, the	
Moore (Ref AP/HD) Rutland House	MOORE		
Minerva Business Park Lynch Wood Peterborough PE2 6PZ		(e) Insert name and position of pers placing the notice – this person must the responsible financial officer for t smaller authority	be
5. This announcement is ma	de by (e) Cristine Adams – Parish Clerk		

LOCAL AUTHORITY ACCOUNTS: A SUMMARY OF YOUR RIGHTS

Please note that this summary applies to all relevant smaller authorities, including local councils, internal drainage boards and 'other' smaller authorities.

The basic position

By law, any interested person has the right to inspect the accounting records of smaller authorities. If you are a local government elector or registered to vote in the local councils' elections, then you are able to ask questions about the accounts and object to them.

The right to inspect the accounting records

When your council has finalised its accounts for the previous financial year, they must advertise that they are available for people to inspect. You must then provide the council with reasonable notice of your intentions. Following this, by arrangement you will then have 30 working days to inspect and make copies of the accounting records and supporting documents. You may be required to pay a copying charge.

The right to ask the auditor questions about the accounting records

If you have any questions regarding the accounting records, you should first ask your smaller authority. This must be done during the 30-day period for the exercise of public rights. You may also ask the appointed auditor questions about an item in the accounting records. However, the auditor can only answer 'what' questions, not 'why' questions so is limited with their response. To avoid any confusion, it is advised that you put your questions in writing.

The right to make objections

Should you view something as unlawful or believe there are matters of wider concern in the accounts, you may wish to object. If you are a local government elector, you have the right to ask the external auditor to apply to the courts for a declaration that an item is contrary to the law and should be reported as a matter of public interest. This must be done by telling the appointed auditor which specific item in the accounts you object to and why you believe it to be unlawful or think a public interest report should be made about it. You must provide clear evidence to support your objection, and this should be done in writing and the copied to the council.

You should not use the 'right to object' to make a personal complaint or claim against your smaller authority. Complaints of this nature should be taken to your local Citizens' Advice Bureau, local Law Centre or to your solicitor.

A final word

Smaller authorities, and so local taxpayers, meet the costs of dealing with questions and objections. In deciding whether to take your objection forward, the auditor must consider the cost that will be involved. They will only continue with the objection if it is in the public interest to do so. If you appeal to the courts against an auditor's decision, you may have to pay for the action yourself.